RET/17/TEST-B

01.	Who	wrote Svapnavasavadattam?					
	(1)	Kalidasa	(2)	Bhasa			
	(3)	Banabhatta	(4)	Jayadev			
	स्वप्नव	ग्रासवदत्तम् किसकी रचना है ?					
		कालिदास	(2)	भास			
		बाणभट्ट	(4)	जयदेव			
	ACCEPTED TO	- 8	عاد ماد	Comoi 2			
02.		was the founder of Satyasho	dnak	Samaj :			
	(1)	Atmaram Pandurang		Jyotiba Phule			
	(3)	Mahadev Govind Ranade	(4)	Ayyankali			
	सत्यः	शोधक समाज की स्थापना किसने	की	थी ?			
		आत्माराम पांडुरंग	(2)	ज्योतिबा फुल			
	(3)	महादेव गोविन्द रानाडे	(4)	अय्यंकली			
03.	Who	discovered the caves of Bhin	nbetk	:a?			
	(1)	Paramananda Acharya	(2)	V.D. Krishnaswami			
	(3)	Rajendra Prasad Das	(4)	V.S. Wakankar			
	भीम	बेटका शैलाश्रयों की खोज किसने	की	थी ?			
		परमानन्द आचार्य	(2)	वा.डा. कृष्णास्यामा			
	4	राजेन्द्र प्रसाद दास	(4)	वी.एस. वाकणकर			
(3) (1913) 3/115							
04	04. Umakant and Ramakant Gundecha Brothers are associated with						
		Dhrupad	(2)	Kathak			
	(3)	Sarod	(4)	Tabla			
		 ाकांत एवं रमाकांत गुंदेचा बंधु क	त सम	बन्ध किससे है ?			
			(2)	, कथक			
	(1)	365)		*			
	(3)	सरोद	(4) (IAZII			

05. Who among the following is NOT a winner of Nobel Prize in Literature?							
(1) Kazuo Ishiguro (2) Bob Dylan (3) Rabindranath Tagore (4) Ruskin Bond							
अधोलिखित में से कौन साहित्य में नोबेल पुरस्कार विजेता नहीं है ? (1) काजू इंशिगुरो (2) बॉब डिलन (3) रबीन्द्रनाथ टैगोर (4) रस्किन बॉन्ड							
06. In which State of India is Lomus Rishi cave situated ?(1) Uttarakhand(2) Maharashtra(3) Madhya Pradesh(4) Biharलोमस ऋषि की गुफा भारत के किस राज्य में स्थित है ?(1) उत्तराखंड(2) महाराष्ट्र							
(3) मध्य प्रदेश (4) बिहार 07. Which of the following languages is NOT declared by Government of India as Classical Language of India ?							
(1) Tamil (2) Oria (3) Kannada (4) Bengali निम्नलिखित में से भारत की किस भाषा को शास्त्र							
भाषा का दर्जा प्राप्त नहीं है ? (1) तिमल (2) उड़िया (3) कन्नड़ (4) बंगाली							

RET/17/1BS1
08. To whom does the Speaker of the Loksabha submit his/her
resignation?
(1) The Prime Minister
(3) The President
लोकसभा अध्यक्ष अपना त्यागपत्र किसे देता है ?
लाकसभा अध्यक्ष अप । (2) लोकसभा उपाध्यक्ष
(1) प्रधान मंत्री (2) स्थान संत्री (4) उपराष्ट्रपति
(३) राष्ट्रपात
O9. Who has been appointed as Chairman of the Committee assigned to prepare the final draft of the National Education Policy in 2017?
(1) Ram Shanker Kureel
(2) Krishnawamy Kasturirangan
(3) T.V. Kattimani
(4) Manjul Bhargava राष्ट्रीय शिक्षा नीति, 2017 का मसौदा तैयार करने के लिए गठित समिति के
राष्ट्रीय शिक्षा नात, 2017 ना अध्यक्ष कीन हैं ?
्रं निव (2) कुळास्यामा परपूर
(1) राम राजार चुरार
(3) टी. वी. कट्टीमनी (4) मजुल मानव
10. Who is the author of 'Dast e Saba' ? (1) Sahir Ludhiyanvi (2) Faiz Ahmed Faiz (3) Muhammad Iqbal (4) Ziauddin Barani 'दस्त ए सबा' के लेखक कौन हैं ?
[2] 4/9/ 5/6
(1) साहर लुम्ब्यानमा (4) जिल्लासददीन बरानी
(3) मुहम्मद इकबाल

11.	The poet known as the "Prince of poets" was:					
	(1)	Antara	(2)	Khansa		
	(3)	Imraul Qais	(4)	Zuhair Ibn Abi Sulma		
10	H	course The Ahi of Cole lived in .				
12.		ayya Ibn Abi al Salt lived in :	00000	7010 00 70 7001		
	(1)	Pre-Islamic period	(2)	Umaayad period		
	(3)	Abbasid period	(4)	Modern period		
13.	The	poet known as the Prophet's	poet	was:		
	(1)	Ka'ab Ibn Zuhair	(2)	Umar Ibn Abi Rabia		
	(3)	Hassan Bin Thabit	(4)	Harith al Hillaza		
14.	The	poet of al naqa' iz was :				
	(1)	Taabat Sharra	(2)	Abdullah Ibn Rawaha		
	(3)	Ali Ibn Abi Talib	(4)	Jarir		
15.	Nah	ijul Balagha contains the spee	ches	of:		
	(1)	Umar Ibn al Khattab	(2)	Sahban Ibn Waail		
	(3)	Ali Ibn Abi Talib	(4)	Jamil Ibn Muʻammar		
16.	The	orator who lived in Umayyad	perio	d·		
	(1)	Ziyad Ibn Abih				
		15 15 Feb. 10 1851		Abu Bakr al Siddique		
	(3)	Qus Ibn Sa'ida al Ayadi	(4)	Mustafa Kamil		
17.	Bait	al Hikma was established by	:			
	(1)	Napoleon Bonaparte	(2)	Harun al Rashid		
	(3)	Walid Ibn Abdil Malik	(4)	Mu'awia Ibn Abi Sufyan		

18.	Al Adab al Saghir Wa al Adab al Kabir were written by :					
	(1)	Ibn Qutaiba	(2)	Hajjaj Bin Yusuf		
	(3)	Ibn al Muqaffa	(4)	Ibn Abd Rabbih		
19.	The	subject matter of Kitab al Han	nasa	is:		
	(1)	Poetry	(2)	Rhetoric		
	(3)	Prosody	(4)	Grammar		
20.	The	pioneer of Maqama literature	was	•		
	(1)	Ibn al Amid	(2)	al Jahiz		
	(3)	al Qadi al Fadil	(4)	Badiuzzaman al Hamdhani		
21.	The	author of al Bayan Wa al Taby	yeen	was:		
	(1)	Ibn al Amid	(2)	Ibn al Mu'taz		
	(3)	Ibn al Muqaffa	(4)	Al Jahiz		
22.	Ibn	Rashiq is known as a :				
	(1)	Novelist	(2)	Literary Critic		
	(3)	Mufassir	(4)	Muhaddith		
23.	Ibn Zaidoon lived in :					
	(1)	Al Andalus	(2)	Egypt		
	(3)	Syria	(4)	Eretria		
24.	The author of Asrar al Balagha was:					
	(1)	Abdul Qahir al Jurjani	(2)	Ibn al Mu'taz		
	(3)	Al Ma'rri	(4)	Al Hariri		

2	5 . Th	he subject matter of Al Iqd al Fareed is:				
	(1)) Drama			(2)	Novel
	(3)	History of	f Arabio	literature	(4)	Short story
20	6. Th	e author of	Al She'	r al Jahili v	vas :	
	(1)	Al Aqqad			(2)	Abdul Masih Haddad
	(3)	Al Manfal	uti		(4)	Taha Husain
27	7. Th	e writer of A	ulad Ha	arratina wa	s;	
•	(1)	Najib Mah	louz		(2)	Ihsan Abdul Quddus
	(3)	Jubran			(4)	
28	. The	e Al Rabita a	l Qalar	nia was fou	ınded	in:
	(1)	New York			(2)	Washingtom DC
	(3)	Boston			(4)	Mississippi
29. Najib Mahfouz was awarded the Nobel Prize for Literature in :						Prize for Literature in :
	(1)	1990	(2)	1988	(3)	1995_ (4) 1980
30	. The	drama Ahlu	ıl Kaha	f was writte	en by	ī
	(1)	Mustafa Sa			(2)	
	(3)	Ihsan Abdu	ıl Qudo	lus	(4)	Al Mazini
31.	The	first Arabic	dramat	ist was :		
	(1)	Yaqoob Sar	ruf		(2)	Jabra Ibrahim Jabra
	(3)	Marun al N	aqqash		(4)	Ishaq Adeeb

32.	The author of Al Abaraat was:					
	(1)	Mustafa Lutfi al Ma	anfaluti	(2)	Ahmad Taimur	
	(3)	Salama Musa		(4)	Taha Husain	
33.	The	romanticism was in	itroduced	to Ara	abic by :	
	(1)	Khalil Mutran		(2)	Amin al Raihani	
	(3)	Ali Ahmad Bakath	eer	(4)	Al Aqqad	
34.	The	novel Mudun al Mi	lh was wri	itten b	by:	
	(1)	Al mazini		(2)	Taha Husain	
	(3)	Ihsan Abdul Qudd	lus	(4)	Abdur Rahman Munif	
35.		poleon invaded Egyp	ot in the y	ear :	1796 (4) 1788	
	(1)	****				
36	. Hu	jjatullhil Baligha wa		by:		
	(1)	Anwar Shah Kash	ımiri			
	(2)	Ghulam Ali Azad	Bilgrami			
	(3)	Shah Waliullah o	f Delhi			
	(4)	Nawab Siddique	Ha s an Kh	an		
37	r. Al	Tareeq Ila al Madin	a was writ	ten by	/ :	
	(1) Masud Alam Nad	wi	(2)		
	(3	Noor Alam Amin	i	(4)	Zubair Ahmad Farooqui	

- 38. Tuhfatul Mujahideen was written by:
 - (1) Zainuddin Bin Muhammad al Malibari
 - (2) Shah Waliullah of Delhi
 - (3) Nawab Siddique Hasan Khan
 - (4) Abdul Aziz al Malibari
- 39. The book Al Tanbihaat was written by:
 - (1) Sayeedur Rahman Azmi Nadwi
 - (2) Masud Alam Nadwi
 - (3) Shafique Ahmad Khan Nadwi
 - (4) Abu Mahfuzul Karim Ma' Sumi
- 40. Sheikh Zakaria Kandhelwi died in :
 - (1) Kingdom Saudi Arabia
- (2) Saharanpur

(3) Delhi

(4) Moradabad

Short Answer Questions

लघु उत्तरीय प्रश्न

Note: Attempt any five questions. Write answer in 150-200 words. Each question carries 16 marks. Answer each question on separate page, after writing Question Number.

किन्हीं पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए। प्रत्येक का उत्तर 150-200 शब्दों में दीजिए। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 16 अंकों का है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर अलग पृष्ट पर प्रश्न संख्या लिखकर शुरु करें।

- Mention the major characteristics of Pre-Islamic poetry.
- 02. Shed light on the main features of Umar Ibn Abi Rabia's poetry.
- O3. Why Jahiz is considered a towering personality in Arabic literature?
 Write elaborately.
- Mention the salient features of al Mutanabbi's poetry.
- Write about the development of literary criticism in Abbasid period.
- 06. Who was Ibn Abd Rabbih? Throw light on his life and works.
- Discuss about the development of novel in Arabic literature.
- 08. Describe the main features of Madrasa al Diwan.
- 09. Why Jubran Khalil Jubran is considered as the greatest Arabic writer in North America? Discuss.
- Write about the contribution of Wadih Rashid Nadwi to Arabic literature.