

- 01.** Mala of Medo dhatu is :
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| (1) Mutra | (2) Sveda |
| (3) Purisha | (4) Medo roga |
- 02.** Takrarista is indicated in which disease :
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| (1) Sandhivata | (2) Gridhrasi |
| (3) Urustambha | (4) Grahani |
- 03.** The synonym of Rasakriya is :
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| (1) Kalka | (2) Avaleha |
| (3) Churna | (4) Vati |
- 04.** According to Charak Samhita, Sankhapushpi should be used as Medhya Rasayana in form of :
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| (1) Svarasa | (2) Churna |
| (3) Kalka | (4) Kwatha |
- 05.** Main Kalpana of Snehapana is :
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| (1) Vasti | (2) yusha |
| (3) Audan | (4) Acchapeya |
- 06.** Use of Kalyanaka Ghrita is described in Kashyapa Samhita in :
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| (1) Vedanadhayaya | (2) Lehadhayaya |
| (3) Dantajanmika adhayaya | (4) Visesa Kalpa adhayaya |
- 07.** Vamana is the choice of treatment in which type of ajirna :
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| (1) Amajirna | (2) Vidagdhajirna |
| (3) Vistabdhajirna | (4) Rasasesajirna |

08. According to Charak Samhita, pure blood resembles the colour of :
- (1) Gunja phala (2) Bhallataka phala
(3) Udumbara phala (4) Madhuka phala
09. Which of the following drug is not Yogavahi :
- (1) Draksha (2) Pippali
(3) Madhu (4) Ghrita
10. Gunja is enumerated in Gana called :
- (1) Upavisha (2) Visha
(3) Mahavisha (4) Gara visha
11. According to Sushruta, "Shukra dosha and Prameha" is due to vitiation of :
- (1) Only Apana vayu (2) Vyana and Apana vayu
(3) Samana and Vyana vayu (4) Only Vyana vayu
12. Which one of the following statements is wrong according to Sushruta ?
- (1) Janmabala pravritta vyadhis are due to abnormality either in Shukra or in Shonita or in both
(2) Upasargaja vyadhis are included in Daivabala pravritta vyadhis
(3) Doshabala pravritta vyadhis are originated from amashaya and Pakwashaya
(4) The external factors are responsible for Sanghatabala pravritta vyadhis

13. Shosa is manifested due to nidanarthakara roga :
- (1) Raktapitta and Jvara
 - (2) Kshaya, Pleehodara and Jvara
 - (3) Raktapitta, Jvara and Kasa
 - (4) Kshaya, Raktapitta and Jvara
14. “तत् दुःखसंयोगा व्याधय उच्यन्ते” -In this statement of Sushruta what may be the most appropriate definition for दुःख from clinical point of view ?
- (1) दुःखं काय वाक् मनासी पीडा
 - (2) दुर्दुष्टानि खानि स्रोतांसि दुःखानि
 - (3) प्रतिकूल वेदनीयम् दुःखम्
 - (4) विकारो दुःखमेव च
15. According to Charaka, among the following which is the most appropriate cause for Vyadhisankara ?
- (1) Ekarthakari Nidanarthakara roga
 - (2) Upadrava
 - (3) Ekarthakari Nidanarthakara roga & Upadrava
 - (4) Aparishuddha Prayoga
16. Full form of NABL is :
- (1) National Assessment Board for laboratories
 - (2) National Accreditation Board for Testing and calibration Laboratories
 - (3) National Accreditation Board for Laboratories
 - (4) National assessment Board for Calibration Laboratories
17. As per NCCLS specification, the permissible limit for microbiological content in Reagent grade water type I is :
- (1) 5 cfu/ml
 - (2) 10^2 cfu/ml
 - (3) 1 cfu/ml
 - (4) 10 cfu/ml

18. In iron deficiency anemia, TIBC is :
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| (1) Low | (2) Normal |
| (3) Borderline | (4) High |
19. Jaffe' reaction is used to detect which of the following ?
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| (1) Uric acid | (2) Creatinine |
| (3) ALT | (4) AST |
20. All are types of tissue macrophages except one :
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| (1) Littoral cells | (2) Hoffbauer cells |
| (3) Osteoblasts | (4) Osteoclasts |
21. In autoimmune hemolytic anemia, the following type of immunologic tissue injury is involved :
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| (1) Type-I (Anaphylactic) | (2) Type-II (Cytotoxic) |
| (3) Type- III (Immune complex) | (4) Type-IV (Cell mediated) |
22. According to Chakrapani, all of the following indicates Vikara Vighata Abhava except one :
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| (1) निदानादीनामनुबन्धे | (2) निदानादीनांशीघ्रानुबन्धे |
| (3) निदानादिपरस्परं नानबध्नन्ति | (4) निदानादिनांबलवता चानुबन्धे |
23. 'उत्पाद कारणस्य व्याधिजननपर्यन्तं गमनम्' - this statement of Chakrapani defines :
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| (1) Samprapti | (2) Vyadhi |
| (3) Nidan | (4) Aagati |

24. Classification of the diseases as Amashaya samuttha and Pakvashaya samuttha by Charaka is on the basis of :

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| (1) Aashaya | (2) Adhithana |
| (3) Nimitta | (4) Prabhava |

25. Tongue becomes cold, rough associated with fissures in case of :

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| (1) Pittaja vikara | (2) Vataja vikara |
| (3) Kaphaja vikara | (4) Pittaja- kaphaja vikara |

26. Which statement is true ?

- (1) The incubation period for *S. typhi* averages 10-14 days but ranges from 3-21 days, depending on the inoculum size and the host's health and immune status.
- (2) The incubation period for *S. typhi* averages 20-24 days but ranges from 7-21 days, depending on the inoculum size and the host's health and immune status.
- (3) The incubation period for *S. typhi* averages 21-28 days but ranges from 8-21 days, depending on the inoculum size and the host's health and immune status.
- (4) The incubation period for *S. typhi* averages 30-14 days but ranges from 9-21 days, depending on the inoculum size and the host's health and immune status.

27. The graded criteria. i.e. 0= absent: 1= present but diminished; 2= normoactive; 3= exaggerated and 4= clonus indicates :

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| (1) Muscle Stretch Reflexes | (2) Muscle Strenght |
| (3) Cutaneous Reflexes | (4) Primitive Reflexes |

28. Distinctive convex elevation of the J point (Osborn wave) in ECG indicates :
- (1) Systemic hypothermia (2) Hyperkalemia
(3) Hypokalemia (4) hypercalcemia
29. The disease Unmada manifest due to vitiation of which srotas ?
- (1) Manovaha Srotas (2) Sangyavaha Srotas
(3) Buddhivaha sira (4) Indriyavaha Srotas
30. According to Astanga Samgraha, if abnormal Kapha enters Rakta Dhatu, then the disease manifested is :
- (1) Vishphota (2) Masoorika
(3) Visarpa (4) Panduroga
31. Indriyavaha Srotas is situated in which organ ?
- (1) Heart (2) Head
(3) Heart and Head (4) Urinary bladder
32. Mahanetra is the characteristic feature observed in :
- (1) Twaksara (2) Majja sara
(3) Meda sara (4) Shukrasara
33. Granthi and Apachi will be future diseases if the vitiated doshas get localized in :
- (1) Mamsa (2) Meda
(3) Twak & Shonita (4) Asthi

34. According to Sushruta, the symptom of Jvaramukti is :
- (1) Bhrama (2) Trishna
(3) Mukhapaka (4) Daha
35. According to Madhava Nidana "स्निग्धरूक्षैः शमं नैति" as a symptom seen in Vatarakta when it is predominantly affected with :
- (1) Only Pitta (2) Vata and Kapha
(3) Only Vata (4) Only Rakta
36. Which one of the following statements of Charaka about the prognosis of Raktapitta is correct ?
- (1) This disease is not palliable, when it is associated with two doshas
(2) This disease is curable when the patient has an acute attack
(3) This disease is curable if it is free of complication
(4) This disease is incurable when it is associated with only one dosha
37. According to Vagbhata, the fecal smell in mouth, belching and breath is due to :
- (1) Only Kaphaja krimi (2) Only Purishaja krimi
(3) Kaphaja and Purishaja krimi (4) Purishaja and Bahya krimi
38. According to Sushruta "Pleehodra" is due to :
- (1) Pittarsha (2) Shlesmarsha
(3) Vatarsha (4) Sahjarsha

39. The type of Pandu Roga according to Sushruta :
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| (1) Panchavidha | (2) Trividha |
| (3) Satvidha | (4) Astardhavidha |
40. "कफं ष्टीवेत् सशोणितम्"- According to Charaka, this symptom is specifically manifested in the Rajyakshma due to :
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| (1) Ayathabala Aarambha | (2) Vegasamdharana |
| (3) Kshaya | (4) Visamaashana |